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A new, double House, with over two acres of ground, at Homewood. Apply to H. D. Thompson, Commercial office. tf

The Cheapest and the Best

Pure Linseed Oil.
Turpentine and Varnishes.
Colors, dry and ground in oil.
Brushes, all sizes.
Pure White Lead.
Would respectfully invite Painters, and all others interested, to call and examine quality of articles above mentioned. They are warranted pure, and sold at prices which defy successful competition, by Joseph Fleming, 84 Market street, corner of Diamond.

Dr. R. A. Wilson's Tonic, Cathartic, Anti-Dyspeptic and Headache Pills

Are the most reliable and useful Pill for what they are recommended for, before the public. They cure Dyspepsia, Headache, Inebriety, Sorrel, Heartburn, Foul Stomach, Neuralgia, Costiveness, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulder, &c. Sole Proprietors, No. 76 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by all Druggists. w

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HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT has constantly its renowned and wholesome effects, also in this place; it is highly valued for improving the health, is being used as a nourishing remedy, and is preferable to all other compounds in scrofulous cases especially, because it is not known by the sick. Dr. Metzdorf, First Physician of the staff. MWF

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"Seeley's Hard Rubber Truss" radically cures Rupture. Never ceases, breaks nor soils. Used in new bathing. Comfort, safety and durability combined. R. L. Fahnestock & Co., Agents. Sold by all Druggists. MWF

Brooklyn Standard White Lead.

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The best in the market for the least money. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Sole Agents for Pittsburgh, Allegheny & Manchester, Druggists and dealers in Paints, Dry and Mineral Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Window Glass, Brushes at prices lower than the lowest. tf

One Thousand Pianos.

From the Boston Journal.

"According to their report in the United States revenue returns, Messrs. Haines Brothers sold 800 Pianos in the year just ended (in this New York). This is an extraordinary increase, and the selling of one thousand Pianos in two years, at prices ranging from $275 to $1,000 is something else that the Haines Piano Forte is a superior instrument. The paying public are afraid of the high prices, and purchase should be guided by them in a great measure. Charlotte Dunning, who has just returned from the store of Haines, has just returned from the East with an entire new stock of the above celebrated instruments, to be sold regardless of the market, which will be sold for from $350 upwards, on small monthly or quarterly payments. Persons in want of Pianos should call and examine these, and the selling of one thousand Pianos in two years is strong testimony in favor of anything else that the Haines Piano Forte is a superior instrument. The paying public are afraid of the high prices, and purchase should be guided by them in a great measure."

The Daily Commercial.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1869.

THE Legislature have agreed to adjourn on Friday. The appropriation bill has been agreed upon by the Conference Committee and reported to the two Houses. We are curious to know under what cap the little joker is whereby the supernumerary officers of the House are to divide six teen or eighteen thousand dollars. We take it for granted that it is somewhere in the bill.

THE nomination of Mr. MOTLEY to the Court of St. James will be a source of gratification to the mass. Mr. MOTLEY is one of the select few who, in years past, have reflected credit upon the country, and additional lustre upon themselves, in the discharge of their diplomatic duties. He will afford an admirable contrast to the American Buzfus just recalled. He will not only comport himself with the dignity of a representative of an independent people, but his attainments, experience and culture will command the respect not only of England, but of all Europe.

THE New York Central and Erie have hitched teams in the New York Legislature, and are running it on their own account. An Albany dispatch says "the work found the Legislature enjoying a pretty fair reputation as Legislatures go. It leaves it with a tainted character and an odor of corruption about it that will cling to it forever." The two corporations finding it unwise to continue their antagonistic policy, have concluded that it is great folly for them to expend their resources in waging fruitless warfare against each other for the profit of the legislators and the lobby when they have only to combine to rule the State and to divide between them everything valuable which lies within the grasp of legislation. The Albany dispatch referred to tells the rest, as follows:

"The Erie and the Central are for the time being consolidated. Jay Gould and Russell Sage's chosen friend, Jay Gould, and Russell Sage's chosen friend, have been elected together in their last brief session, putting the wires through in record time. As an intelligent and experienced manager and worker Gould has exemplified the truth of what we have said of him. Or, must we continue on at the rate we are progressing until we reach a condition of affairs similar to that embraced in the history of Newgate in the latter part of the eighteenth century, when it was not an uncommon thing to begin the week with the hanging of from five to fifteen victims, closing up with a brace of murders?

AN effort was made in the House at Harrisburg, on Saturday, to authorize the publication of the testimony in a contested election case in the *Legislative Record*, but when it was shown that the committee deemed it unnecessary, and that it would cause a useless expenditure of four or five hundred dollars, for a single individual's benefit only, the mover, Mr. WEBB, withdrew his resolution. The publication of extraneous matter in the *Record* makes the work more profitable of course, and at previous sessions of the Legislature a large amount of useless matter has been ordered in the *Record* at an expense to the people of fifteen dollars per page. Buncombe speeches, never delivered on the floor of either house, help to swell the volume annually. If the Legislature desire to do a good thing, they will adopt the views of Mr. NICHOLSON and abolish the *Record*.

A Base Forgery.

An advertisement appeared in the COMMERCIAL yesterday signed W. W. Wallace, which was a base forgery by some villain as yet to us unknown. Mr. Wallace is an extensive marble manufacturer and well known citizen, and a frequent advertiser in our columns. The advertisement in question was handed in at the counter, with a private note requesting its insertion the following morning, and was received by the clerk without examination or suspicion as to its genuineness. The object of the individual perpetrating the forgery undoubtedly was to bring Mr. Wallace into ridicule, and we are not without hope of being able to bring him to justice. We need not say that we greatly regret the appearance of the advertisement in our columns, though in this community, where Mr. Wallace is so well known, it will do him no injury. This, however, does not relieve the person perpetrating the forgery of a particle of his guilt.

Senator Foreman and Bridging the Ohio.

The *Wheeling Intelligencer*, the leading paper of West Virginia, takes Senator Boreman to task for advocating the obstruction of the Ohio river by the erection of railroad bridges at Parkersburg and Bellair, with narrow spans, when he must know that such obstruction would work injury to his own people. It says:

"Those whom we send to Washington to protect the interests of our people ought to be zealous in preserving this grand channel of commerce unobstructed. Instead of closing it up for the sole benefit of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. For not a solitary interest in the State would be served by these bridges. Even Parkersburg, those interests the Senator certainly ought to care for, would dwindle to a mere way station. We are at a loss to conceive any sufficient consideration of public duty that should induce our Senator to go before the Senate Committee to make so lavish a use of his eloquence in the interest of the corporation referred to, and against the interests of everybody in the State to whom the unimpeded navigation of the Ohio is of any value.

THE Montgomery (Ala.) *Journal* tells the following characteristic story of Wheeler, the comrade and boon companion of Forrest and Morgan. When Longstreet wrote his memorable letter advising the people of the South to accept the situation and return to their allegiance, he showed the letter to Wheeler, who was a frequent visitor at his office. Wheeler was highly pleased with it, so gratified, in fact, that he asked permission to suggest some alterations, which were made on the spot. When the letter was published, the denunciations against its author were so bitter that he was ostracized. Wheeler's visits to Longstreet suddenly ceased. One day, however, Longstreet met him "dodging" him as before, and followed him in, remarking, in substance: "Wheeler, why do you avoid me? I don't care about any man's speaking to me, but you are one of the men who read, corrected and indorsed my letter. Why now seek to avoid the issue?" Wheeler "rallied," and acknowledged he couldn't stand the "pressure." Longstreet managed to survive it, however, and that is the difference between men of the Longstreet and Wheeler pattern.

OCCASIONALLY a hangman is found whose awkwardness causes a terrible shock to the spectators of an execution, besides inconceivable torture to the victim of "outraged justice." Such an instance occurred at Halifax, N. S., the other day, at the execution of a man named Dowey. The culprit addressed the spectators in a speech nearly an hour long, speaking with great feeling and composure. When the trap was sprung, the rope broke. Dowey was lifted up, the rope adjusted once more, and he was suspended a second time, when the rope broke again. The third time he was hauled up by main strength by the Sheriff and his assistants. We presume the advocates of hanging in Halifax had their fill of it in Dowey's case.

"Good-bye, Jerry." "Good-bye, boy." "Good-bye, old man." "Keep a stiff upper lip, Jerry." "Die game, pet." These and similar greetings addressed to Eaton, on his way to the scaffold, show how the imposing majesty of the law affects those whom, we are told, executions are expressly devised to deter from the commission of crime. "Keep a stiff upper lip." "Die game." "Show your pluck." And then the comments which follow an exhibition of penitence, as in the case of a poor victim in Norfolk: "Don't get spoony." "Check him up, there." "Belay that whimpering, you hound." It is little wonder that, in the matter of pure bravado, the crowd and the culprit generally distance the hangman.

SOME curious body has taken the trouble to find out the religious creeds of the new Cabinet. We are informed that Attorney General Hoar is a Unitarian, Secretary of the Interior Cox a Swedenborgian, Secretary of the Navy Borie a Catholic ex-Secretary of State, Washburne, a Unitarian, Secretary Fish an Episcopalian. Those interested in such matters will find food for speculation in the fact that that small body known as Unitarians have furnished more representatives in proportion to their numbers than any other denomination.

HERE is a sermon in a nutshell, written by simonides, a French author and journalist, who, like all his countrymen, manage to see more in an hour than the English perceive in a week:

"One of the facts which strikes the observer most painfully in the American Republic is the futile interest which the good citizens take in the management of public affairs. They leave it in the hands of the politicians, who dispose and settle everything in the bar-rooms, or the open air, and do their work as they please. The honest citizens have to make their fortunes in a different manner, and do not concern themselves—very unfortunately."

A FRENCH journalist, familiar with the Court etiquette, relates in a French journal the details of an interview he had with Grant at a dinner party. Some idea of the impression the President's reticence made upon the journalist may be obtained from the following: "It was at the end of this dinner party that I had the honor of being presented to the General. He held out his hand to me according to the American fashion, and I sat down by his side. I should have probably remained sitting there up to the present time, had I waited on the General to speak first.

THE New York *Sun*, after a careful examination of all the reliable reports, is able to figure up only 15,000 effectives under the command of Captain General Dulce. As this is exactly one-fifth of the amount claimed by the official organs, we are naturally curious to know what has become of the reinforcements received from Spain during the past three months?

GRATIFYING evidences of the advancement of civilization in India are furnished daily. The marriage of the Rajah of Rappoorthulla with Miss Hodges, celebrated in 1869, has been dissolved by the authorities of the Rappoorthulla State with the consent of the lady, and a new engagement has been made for her maintenance and that of her two children.

RUMOR says that Mark Twain has concluded to act consistently with his assumed name, have himself declared twain by a clergyman, with the necessary formalities, including bride, bridesmaids, groomsmen, cakes and candy, and will then eschew lecture rooms and newspaper offices, and betake himself to the congenial occupation of planting pumpkins in the vicinity of Elmira, New York.

THE fashionable world of England must have received a terrible shock upon learning that the youngest son of the present Duke of Argyle has been placed in a commercial house engaged in the tea trade. What a blow the duke has given to Pinchbeck pride!

THE New York *Times* says: "The Cuban patriots are circulating terrible accounts of outrages perpetrated upon American citizens in Cuba. We suppose we have as good means in New York of learning about these occurrences as any body can have in Washington, and yet we neither hear of them through the cable nor the correspondents of the press. In the same way we find the following among its special dispatches: "The increasing number of outrages by the Spanish authorities and forces upon American citizens is attracting universal attention here. Fresh instances have been received of the arrest of several more naturalized American citizens; and the seizure of two more possessors of passports from the brig *Lizzie Major* on a Spanish man-of-war has been officially communicated. Actions of this character, now occurring so frequently, call loudly for prompt redress."

THE news from New York is that the glories of Broadway are numbered. The bill turning it over to a railroad corporation to do pretty much as they like with it has passed both houses of the Legislature, and now waits but the governor's signature to become a law. It empowers the corporation to cut up not only Broadway but its second, and, one of the finest and most aristocratic thoroughfares up town. An ugly feature of the crooked process whereby this end has been accomplished was the refusal to give the job to responsible parties who were willing to pay $2,000,000 into the city treasury for the privilege. Corruption is freely charged upon the members voting for it, and if all that one hears about it be true, not without reason.

THE Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* writes as follows: "Within the past three days thousands of dollars, paid into this city by whisky distillers, have been offered by whisky distillers or their agents to prominent Senators supposed to have influence with Senators, to influence them to persuade other Senators to report against, or to object to and to defeat the confirmation of one or more of the prominent New York revenue nominations. The fact that the nominations failed chiefly for want of time is no evidence that these offers had any effect, but the parties making them do not hesitate to attribute the failure, not to the pure and conscientious action of Senators, but to their own lame mercenary efforts.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Louisiana planters give a good account of the appearance and prospects of the cane crop. The injury apprehended to the seed from the long spell of cold and wet weather has proved insignificant, and the plant has a thrifty appearance. The area planted is much larger than last season, and, in fact, has only been limited by the difficulty of obtaining labor.

Josh Billings was asked, "How fast does sound travel?" and his opinion is that it depends a good deal upon the noise you are talking about. "The sound of a dinner horn, for instance, travels half a mile in a second, while an invitation to get up in the morning I have known to be 3 quarters uv an hour goin up 2 pair of stairs, and then not hev strength left to be heard."

Harper's *Bazar* publishes the annexed: A small boy made application of his first instructions on the sanctity of the Sabbath, by objecting to the apothecary's shop, which he saw open on that day. "But," he was told, "the druggists must keep open on Sundays, so that sick people can get medicine." "Why! do people get sick on Sunday?" "Yes, just as on any other day." "Well, good people don't die on Sunday, do they?" 'Certainly." "How can that be? *Does Heaven keep open on Sunday?*" It is needless to say that all further grave conversation on the subject was impossible.

The Philadelphia *Press* says the condition of Hon. E. M. Stanton is by no means as precarious as represented by the newspapers, and there is but little doubt that when the spring is fairly under way he will be entirely restored to health.

The name of Napoleon's present mistress is Marguerite Bellanger. Marguerite is an old flame of the Imperial Sphynx. It was at a tender *tete-a-tete* with her that the jealous Empress surprised her faithless liege lord one fine evening in the Tuileries. The little scene that occurred, in which the frail Marguerite sagely refused to comply with the demand of the Empress that she should immediately leave Paris.

"Jennie June"—otherwise Mrs. Croly—says that when she was requested to respond at a Sorosis press dinner, she told her husband she was afraid she would break down; but he replied, "When you blow me up you never break down," and she was thus encouraged to make the required response.

The Richmond *Examiner* tells of a marriage between two legless colored people in that city the other day. Both, some years ago, were compelled to have their legs amputated at the knee joints, owing to their having been severely bitten by the frost. The man then found married twice before, and the woman three times.

Thurlow Weed's health has improved so much that he contemplates returning North at an early day. A party of his political friends, embracing several office-holders lately removed by Grant, have recently left to make him a visit. Mr. Weed and his friends are not particularly pleased with the President's course thus far.

Says the Chicago *Post*: The friends of Dr. Lord, whose persecution by McCormick, on account of his political faith, has become a matter of public renown, will be glad to learn that at the recent meeting of the Board of Directors of the Theological Seminary of the Presbyterian (O. S.) Church, in this city, the Doctor was triumphantly sustained.

We are assured by a Chicago paper that the citizens when asked to give money to celebrate the opening of the Pacific Railroad, will not subscribe without some reason that it will not be expended, as on such occasions, in a disgraceful debauch.

The Temperance Question in New York.

When the descendants of the schnapps-loving settlers of New York were compelled to give way to Patrick and a poor imitation of "potein," the change involved a question of quality rather than quantity. The capacity of the Dutch, in solid inches, was fully equal to the appetite of the Irish. But Pat always had a fashion of stirring up strife in exact ratio with the proportions of the potsein disposed of. While Mynheer, on the other hand, was, and still is, content to sup his schappe in silence. Pat riotous, offended and outraged the feelings of decent people, many of whom, although partial to an occasional glass, were decidedly opposed to worshipping a barrel of whisky. Hence the enactments termed the Excise Law. Recently some amendments to the Excise Law were proposed and passed in the Legislature of New York, looking towards the restoration of German liberty, and the sale of lager beer on Sunday. The Hans Breitmans of New York, remembering the wrongs of their fathers, recently met in council to devise ways and means to protect their liberties. One zealous defender of lager, proved for the hundredth time, declared that it was not intoxicating, and said: "It has never been shown that a man who drinks beer on Sunday cannot be an honest, respectable and moral man." A sentiment worthy of Vooter Von Twiffle himself. Another gentleman analyzed the lager and "bock" beer, and demonstrated that the first contained but three and a half per cent. and the latter four and a half per cent. of alcohol, or as much as is contained in cider, which he termed a "celic-giving liquid." Accepting the analysis as correct, it would seem to confirm the impression that the people of the present generation are much weaker in the head and legs than their fathers, since it is a fact that three and a half per cent. of alcohol, when indulged in frequently, displaces their center of gravity. The action of the German citizens of New York showed upon the proposition that "the existence of the law which declares the inability of people to govern themselves, which rules a section of the State with exceptions of counties, and in the name and for the interest of a class, deprives a majority of the people, of one and a half millions, of their personal liberties," is one on controversy with them. Germans will be surprised that Hans Breitman should regret with indignation the outspittlable attacks made from certain quarters upon the character of the German population, and which we must designate as being based upon ignorance, intolerance and ignominy.

J. N. THE PHILOSOPHER.—The world renowned philosopher, J. N. Free, after "filling he well" and "assuming the pressure" in various dark corners of the country, arrived in his city on Monday, and announces that he will "strike for fame" in the "Diamond," at Bellair, on Friday next. J. N.'s theory of the art of effect was that each party must "show his own standpoint, and be labored all through the war to get them to understand that the war was a misapprehending. He feels that he is the pressure he assumes all the "pressure of repudiation" himself with the "Southern Rebellion." If we can get orders we can maintain the quality at the lowest price, and we invite an examination before going elsewhere.

We make to order and keep on hand a supply of lockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, etc. For further information or circular, containing many testimonials from those who have used our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 625 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ws

LEGISLATIVE Solons are not confined to Illinois. In the Pennsylvania Legislature, a few days ago, a member named Stineman gave notice that he would introduce a bill providing that no man should publish a newspaper until he should have filed a certificate of three reliable citizens that he is honest and of good repute and veracity. While such a measure as this might prove beneficial, to enact a similar one, relative to members of the Legislature, operate with equal public advantage?—*Chicago Tribune*.

AMONG the bills that failed to pass was the bill for taking the census, which therefore will have to be done under the old law. It is little less than astonishing that Congress should adjourn without passing so important a bill.

A PHILADELPHIA dispatch says that the President has decided that Pennsylvania can have but one first-class mission, which has already been given to Gov. Curtin. This decision is supposed to rule out the Hon. I. W. Hall, for the Spanish mission.

VIOLET TIME.

Violet time is come again;
Once more laughing through the rain.
Spring with sunny crown advances,
Sunshine glittering on his lances.

Long live Spring!—the rainbow arch
Greets his coming, clear and starry.
Green his banners, free and brave,
From each tree-top rustling wave.

Birds before him fly in crowds;
Fast above him fly the clouds,
Swifter run rejoicing rivers,
Anemone darts are in his quivers.

Where he treads primroses rise,
And the daisies ope their eyes;
Birdlings sing in every bush,
Answering the merry thrush.

Swallows are his heralds first,
Faster than the pelses beat;
Butterflies between the showers,
Tell the glad news to the flowers.

Our old Monarch, Winter's dead;
Discrown'd on another head;
Sunbeams chase the envious rain;
Violet time is come again.

A LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Peterson's Corn Ointment did me more good than everything I have tried for five years.
A. J. RANKIN,
46 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Peterson's Ointment acted as if by magic. All pain is removed, and my Corns have disappeared, thanks to Peterson's Corn Ointment.
ANDREW HEGGS,
2 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

My Corns have not troubled me since I used Peterson's Corn and Bunion Ointment.
JAMES E. ANDERSON,
Clerk at St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh.

From the Great Patent Medicine Man of the West:
A. J. RANKIN—Peterson's Corn Ointment is ready sale here. Please send me 100 more.
JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati, Ohio.

From the Great Patent Medicine Man of the East:
A. J. RANKIN—I used Peterson's Ointment for a sore. Relief from pain was prompt. The cure permanent.
BRENT GOOD,
Of firm D. Barnes & Co.

Price 50 cents. Sent by mail prepaid, on receipt of 60 cents. Address the Manufacturer and Proprietor,
A. J. RANKIN, Druggist,
44 SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

DR. SARGENT'S
Backache Pills

Is the most efficient and most popular Diuretic medicine known, removing at once any obstruction of the Kidneys, subduing Inflammation and Strengthening the Urinary Organs.

DR. SARGENT'S
Backache Pills

Have been in use thirty five years, and are daily performing wonderful cures. In many instances where patients were unable to walk upright or to turn in bed without assistance, they have been relieved by a single dose.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS

Cure all diseases of the urinary organs, the symptoms of which are weakness and pain in the back and loins, pains in the joints, difficulty in voiding the urine, general debility, &c. &c.

THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER, &c.,

Are those organs through which most of the waste or worn out particles of the body are thrown off, and dead particles or poisonous matter, consequently when these organs are diseased, the whole system becomes deranged, and if not relieved at once, the result may be fatal.

This much esteemed and most efficient medicine is the only diuretic that is put up in the shape of pills, and is much more easily taken than the ordinary diuretic draughts, the pills being sugar-coated.

Price Fifty Cents per Box, Sugar-coated.
For Sale by All Druggists.

CAUTION—Take no other medicine as a substitute for these pills, but if your druggist does not have them, request him to order them. Send by mail immediately, on receipt of price. Sole proprietor,
GEORGE A. KELLY.

Wholesale Druggist, corner Second avenue and Wood street, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL COMPANY.
The Fourth Instalment, $3 per share, on the capital stock is now due and payable at the Banking House of N. HOLMES & SONS.
Certificates of stock are now ready to be issued to all subscribers paying up in full.
JAMES H. WRIGHT,
Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, April 9, 1869.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
CHIMNEY SWEEP.
GRATES SET, RANGES AND FURNACES RE PAIRED.
Orders addressed to Box 723 Pittsburgh Postoffice, or left at 206 Liberty street, Hand Street Bridge, or at my residence, No. 14 Strawberry alley, will receive prompt attention.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL.
NEW YORK.
This new and commodious House, located corner of Broadway and Forty-second street, possesses advantages over all other houses, for the accommodation of its guests. It was built expressly for a first-class Family Boarding House—the rooms being large and en suit, heated by steam—with hot and cold water, and furnished second to none; while the culinary department is in the hands of experienced hands, affording guests an unequaled table.
One of Otis' Elevators is also among the "modern improvements" and is worthy the attention of visitors.
The Broadway and University Place Cars pass the door every four minutes, running from the City Hall to Central Park, while the Sixth and Seventh Avenue Lines are but a short block on either side, affording ample facilities for communicating with all the Depots, Steamboat Landings, places of Amusement and Business of the great metropolis.
MOORE & HOLLEY,
PROPRIETORS.

LEGS! LEGS!!
THE ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENN'A.
All Shareholders Are Men Wearing the Legs Made by the Company.
To those requiring a limb we would say that our own experience has induced us to establish a factory here that would make a comfortable and durable limb for a reasonable price. After trying a number of years, and using hundreds of legs, we have each found more comfort and usefulness in the "INDUSTRIAL SPRING SOCKET" than in any other made in the country. One of our number, a skilled mechanic, has charge of the shop. We have bought the right to use two of the best patents, and by our experience we hope to improve in every way that will add to the comfort, durability or appearance of the limbs we make. We have put the price of our new legs at $50 below that of the Philadelphia, and by those in the city while the measure and a cast of the injured limb is taken.
The saving to purchasers, as compared with Eastern prices, is from $40 to $80, in the price of legs, at least $25 railroad fare, hotel bills and the loss of time incurred, and then we are satisfied that our limb will give better satisfaction than any one made in the East or Philadelphia. If we can get orders we can maintain the quality at the lowest price, and we invite an examination before going elsewhere.
We intend to order and keep on hand a supply of lockings, braces, and appliances for injured or deformed limbs, also, crutches, trusses, shoulder braces, etc. For further information or circular, containing many testimonials from those who have used our artificial limbs, address ARTIFICIAL LIMB MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 625 PENN STREET, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ws

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
AT WHOLESALE BY
LITTLE & BAIRD,
112 AND 114 SECOND AVENUE,
The LARGEST and FINEST Stock in the city—all grades and kinds. Fresh Arrival.
Sold at Eastern Prices.
We will suit Buyers in Teas and
GENERAL GROCERIES.
CALL.

PLANKINTON HOUSE,
MILWAUKEE,
MATTHEWS, SAGUE & CO.,
ONE OF THE
Finest and most Complete Hotels
IN THE UNITED STATES.
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
BOARD, $3 50 PER DAY.
Buses and Carriages will take passengers directly to the PLANKINTON upon the arrival of trains and boats.

THE
Julien Churn,
Without doubt the MOST EFFECTIVE, PRACTICAL AND BEST MADE CHURN of the age. It is simple, durable and handsome. Call and see it.
WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
We have sold hundreds of these Churns, and all our customers speak well of it. Call and see it.
THE BEST.
Dealers supplied at Manufacturers' Prices.
W. W. KNOX,
GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENT,
37 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DWELLING HOUSES
FITTED FOR
Gas and Water,
AT LOWEST RATES.
PHILLIPS & CLULEYS,
No. 110 WATER STREET.

IMPROVED FRENCH RANGE
AND
RANGE FURNITURE,
MANUFACTURED BY
BRAMHALL, DEANE & CO.,
247 and 249 WATER STREET, New York.

MECHANICS AND DEALERS
DESIRING A
FILE,
OF EXTRA QUALITY,
AT A REASONABLE PRICE, SHOULD ASK FOR THE
"AUBURN FILE."
They are conceded to be THE BEST in market.
FOR SALE BY
JOSEPH WOODWELL & CO.,
PITTSBURGH.

R. H. PALMER,
WHOLESALE DEALER
IN
HATS, CAPS,
STRAW
AND
MILLINERY GOODS,
NO. 84 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HOFF'S
Malt Extract.
Great Reduction in Price.
QUALITY AND PROPERTIES UNIMPAIRED.
A Delightful Nutritious Beverage.
A Pleasant Invigorating Tonic.
A Substitute for Ale and Alcoholic Drinks.
A Strengthener for the Debilitated,
[Especially Nursing Mothers.]
A certain Remedy for Disorders of the THROAT CHEST, LUNGS and STOMACH.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers.
JOS. S. PEDERSEN,
2½ Murray street, New York.
Sole Agent for U. S. and British Provinces of N. A.

ONION SETS.
A FULL STOCK OF
Very Small Clean and Sound Sets,
At published Market Rates.
W. W. KNOX,
137 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PENN LETTER BOOK.
COPY ALL YOUR LETTERS
IN THE PENN LETTER BOOK,
NO PRESS, NO WATER REQUIRED.
A Perfect and Lasting Copy obtained in a few seconds.
PRICE FOR BOOK AND INK, $3 00.
CALL AND EXAMINE THEM, AT
J. R. WELDIN & CO.'S,
101 WOOD STREET.

REMOVAL.
WM. BINGHAM, Jr., WILL REMOVE HIS
Steamship and Advertising Agency,
On MONDAY, April 5th, to No. 143 SMITHFIELD STREET, near Sixth avenue, and next door to Office of Freedom's Friend, (German paper).

NOTICE TO THE CHEESE TRADE.
60 cases Young American;
75 boxes English Gloucester, mild;
50 boxes English Cheshire, mild;
50 boxes New York Factory, mild;
50 boxes New York Goshen, mild;
300 boxes New York Factory, mild;
In store and arriving, for sale with full stock of Groceries
H. RIDDLE,
183 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALTHAM
WATCHES.
Attention is called to the very fine Watch known as the 18 plate 16 size, manufactured by the American Watch Company, of Waltham.
These Watches are the finest specimens of American made Watches now offered to the public and are unsurpassed anywhere as accurate time-keepers.
We keep also for sale a full line of the full-plate Watches made at Waltham, which we warrant to be thoroughly reliable timepieces, and in view of the quality, variety and finish, the best Watches now offered at similar prices in this market.
J. B. McFADDEN & CO.,
MWF MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Have on hand at their Warerooms,
26 and 28 Sixth, late St. Clair, Street,
Of their own and other Manufactures, a full Stock of
THOROUGHLY SEASONED
Floor Oil Cloths,
Green Oil Cloths, for Window Shades.
WINDOW SHADES.
For Storerooms Dwellings, Enamelled and
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
Of Every Variety, in the different Lines.
Also, the Boston Belting Co.'s make of Indestructible Rubber Belting, Hose and Steam Packing and Rubber Goods generally.
Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Rivets, &c.
Wholesale and Retail Buyers will find our Stock, in all Departments, the most extensive in the city, and Prices THE VERY LOWEST.

H. R. BEESON'S
PHŒNIX
HYDRAULIC
CEMENT
WARRANTED.
Capacity of our Mills equal to any demand. Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Principal Office—UNIONTOWN, PA.
CHAS. B. LEECH,
GENERAL AGENT,
No. 118 SECOND AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT
TO MECHANICS.
L. L. DAVIS'
Adjustible Spirit Level and Plumb.
Patented in the United States, March 1867; Also in France and England.
UNEQUALED
In Accuracy and Simplicity.
There are five sizes, from 6 inches to 30 inches in length. The 6, 12, 18 and 24 are constructed with Iron Stocks. They also make 24 and 30 inches with Wood Stocks, handsomely and strongly mounted and with an Adjustible Center of Gravity similar to the Iron Stocks. The Levels are of the best material and workmanship in all parts, and are thoroughly adjusted and tested in every case. They have been unanimously pronounced to be the MOST ACCURATE, CONVENIENT and TASTEFUL LEVEL EVER BROUGHT OUT, and will supply a want long felt by all classes of Mechanics. The price places them within the reach of every one having use for either a Level, Plumb or Inclinometer.
The price for these Levels are as follows:

6 inch, price	$2 00	18 inch, price	$6 00
12 " "	4 50	24 " "	8 00
30 inch, price			$7 00

FOR SALE BY
JAS. BOWN,
136 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
ALSO, AGENT FOR
GROSSKOPF'S
Famous Magic Linen Marker
The Greatest Novelty in the World.
PLAYER & HENDERSON,
Consulting Engineers.
Plans furnished to Remodel and Build
Blast Furnaces.
PLAYER'S PATENT HOT-BLAST
STOVES,
For heating Blast to 1,200 deg. without injury to the Stoves.
80 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

REMOVAL.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,
HAVE REMOVED TO
Warehouse formerly occupied by Spang, Chalfant & Co.,
91 AND 92 WATER STREET, AND 114 AND 116 FIRST AVENUE.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
Pittsburgh, April 5, 1869.
IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21ST SECTION of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1865, I do hereby give notice that the Offices of the Commissioners, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN, and I will be prepared to receive
County, State, Poor, Work-House and Improvement Taxes for 1869,
On and after the 1st DAY OF MAY, 1869. Said Taxes can be paid at this Office until the 1st day of August, with A DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT. for prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their taxes.
There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be
TEN PER CENT. ADDED
To all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1869.
J. P. DENNISTON,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

TRADE MARK
Dithridge's
FIRE-PROOF
LAMP
CHIMNEYS.

REMOVAL.
T. McCARTAN,
Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker, has removed from No. 108 Third avenue to No. 46 Smithfield street, between Third and Fourth avenues, where, in addition to manufacturing, he will keep a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.
MWF

ANTHRACITE COAL
The BRADDOCK'S FIELD COAL COMPANY has this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities and surrounding towns, for the sale of the Coal of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Company. Parties in want of a superior quality of Anthracite Coal from Eastern Mines, will do well to call on them.
GENERAL OFFICE AND YARD, corner of Anderson street and P., F. W. and C. Railway, Allegheny city.
BRANCH OFFICE AND YARD, Liberty, opposite Sterrett street, Pittsburgh.
POSTOFFICE ADDRESS, Box 387, Pittsburgh.
J. D. MAHON,
Superintendent Pennsylvania and Ohio Anthracite Coal and Transportation Company, No. 114 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.
March 20, 1869.

OSAGE ORANGE SEED,
Pure, Fresh Clean Seed.
Printed instructions accompanying each purchase.
W. W. KNOX,
MW 137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NORWAY OATS.
WE HAVE A FULL SUPPLY OF THIS FAMOUS OATS ON HAND,
Grown from Stock purchased direct from Mr. Ramsdell. For sale at Eastern Prices.
W. W. KNOX,
MS 137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW PATENT
Barrel Roller or Truck.
Through Letters Patent to us granted, we would call the attention of Merchants, Manufacturers, Steamboatmen, Mill Owners, Distillers, Oil Refiners, &c., to what has been pronounced by this new and useful invention, by which Barrels, Casks or Kegs can be handled and rolled, pushed or pulled in any direction, with great rapidity and ease, thereby saving time and labor, and doing the work with clean hands.
We offer for sale the article itself; also, State, County and City Rights. Every house needs it.
WEAVER & JONES,
No. 4 Duquesne way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COOK STOVES.
THE "MODEL COOK,"
The only first-class Cook Stove ever offered in Pittsburgh. The Oven is large and thoroughly ventilated, and the Grate arranged to shake and dump in a manner that prevents the escape of dust or ashes into the room. Can be heated for baking in 15 minutes.
Our "DICTATOR" bakes Bread like a brick oven, and burns bituminous coal as clean as the hard coal.
MITCHELL, STEVENSON & CO.,
194 LIBERTY STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1869 HATS. 1869
Entirely New Stock.
McCORD & CO.
Wholesale Jobbers
IN
HATS, CAPS,
STRAW GOODS
AND
Palm Leaf Hats,
131 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

MERCHANTS
Are invited to examine our NEW AND VERY LARGE STOCK OF FUR AND WOOL HATS, STRAW and PALM LEAF HATS, and an endless variety of CAPS. Also, all the Latest Styles of
LADIES AND MISSES'
Hats, Sundowns, etc.
Our Stock is BOUGHT FOR CASH, direct from the MANUFACTORIES, enabling us to offer Goods as LOW as any JOBBERS HOUSE.
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO
CASH BUYERS.
An Examination of our Stock before purchasing elsewhere is solicited.
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.
McCord & Co.,
131 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

AT
W. W. MOORHEAD'S,
51 MARKET STREET.
YOU WILL FIND AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
Embroideries,
White Goods,
Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery, Underwear,
Gent's Fine Barred Shirts,
White Shirts,
Neck Ties,
Collars and Socks,
Notions and Fancy Goods.
NEW WHITE GORED SKIRTS FOR LADIES
81 MARKET STREET.
MWF

Third Arrival
OF
NEW GOODS,
AT
Jos. Horne & Co's.
The Latest Novelties
AND
NEWEST STYLES
IN
BONNETS, HATS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
Flowers and Ornaments,
AND
RIBBONS.
JUST OPENED,
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
STRAW GOODS,
Hosiery and Gloves,
EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS,
TRIMMINGS, &c.,
IN THE CITY.
ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES,
FOR MISSES.
PARASOLS, SKIRTING.
PRICES LOW.
FRESH, FRESH
BB
UU
BUTTER
BUTTER
EE
RR
EGGS AND MILK,
RECEIVED DAILY, AT
A. L. CRAMER & CO.'S,
No. 10 Fifth Avenue.
ws

MARVIN'S
SUPERIOR FRUIT BISCUIT,
LEMON BISCUIT,
SPICED JUMBLES,
CREAM CRACKERS,
AND GINGER SNAPS.
Bakery, 91 Liberty St.,
And for Sale by all Grocers in the City and Country.

Colburn's Red Jacket Axe.
This Axe is better than the regular shaped Axe for these reasons:
1. It cuts deeper. 2. It don't stick. 3. It don't jar the hand. 4. No time or strength is wasted in taking the Axe out of the cut. 5. With the same labor you do one-third more work.

SAWS.
Our Saws are Patent Temper and Patent Ground, and warranted as good as any made.
LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL—Gents: The Saw you sent Henry & Pierce is the best saw I ever saw. It takes two inch feed in Oak and stands up bully. I cut 501 feet of Oak Fencing in twenty-two minutes.
I have run saws for nineteen years, and that is the best one I ever got hold of. I have run your Saws in Michigan for five or six years.
If your Hardware Dealer does not keep our goods, send to us and we will fill your orders, and you shall have immediate attention and reply.
LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Sole Owners of Colburn's and Red Jacket Patents.

ROSES. ROSES.
12 Beautiful Varieties of the most distinct colors, one of each..... $ 5 00
25 Beautiful Varieties, four of each 10 00
Of the hardy perpetual Roses, strong roots, for planting in Gardens, Cemeteries, &c., requiring no protection in Winter, from the Sewickley Nurseries of
T. L. SHIELDS & CO.,
PITTSBURGH POSTOFFICE.

NOTICES.

DRUGGISTS' MEETING.—The Apothecaries and Druggists of this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, are respectfully invited to attend a Meeting, on WEDNESDAY, at 7 P. M., at Western University Building, for the purpose of organizing a Pharmaceutical Association, and to transact other important business.
JOS. ABEL,
Chairman pro tem.

PITTSBURGH AND YUBA RIVER MINING CO.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the above Company for the election of officers and other business,

JAS. T. BRADY & Co.

Successors to S. JONES & CO.

Cor. Fourth and Wood Streets,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Low-est Market Rates.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale o COINS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

BANKING HOUSE

OF

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Sts.

DEALERS IN ALL

Government Securities.

We will receive applications for Policies of Life Insurance in the

New National Life Insurance Co.

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Full information given at our office.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 13, 1869.

There was considerable activity in the local money market to-day. The calls for loans at our banks were numerous, but the ability of these institutions at present is limited, and many applications are refused. Outside borrowers are rarely accommodated at banks now-a-days, and outside lenders therefore can take advantage to get generous rates for their money. The banks throughout the country, as the rule, are poor, and entirely unable to supply the current demand made upon them. Many vendees are suggested to account for their lack of available funds, and many gratuitous recommendations are placed at their disposal. There is one thing, however, which should not be lost sight of, and that is that the loanable ability of the banks in the large cities, within the terms of the law, has been very materially lessened. The reserves of the New York banks week before last fell off $1,400,000, and last week about $1,800,000, with a sharp setting down of loans all the time. There was the same tendency with the banks in this city and at Boston.

—Government bonds were steady at about yesterday's prices. Fluctuations were very light. The hardness of the money market holds the market down.

—The following stocks were sold last evening, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 105 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Exchange National Bank	$ 74 00
Merchants and Manufacturer's National Bank	71 00
Merchants and Manufacturer's National Bank	70 87½
Indep. National Bank	59 25
Eagle Cotton Mills	41 00
Western Insurance Company	59 50
Western Insurance Company	41 50

Messrs. ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.	Noon.	Close.
881's, 6's	116¼	116¼	116¼
862, 5-20's	115½	115½	115½
864, 5-20's	115	114⅞	114⅞
865 5-20's	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
865 5-20's new	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
867 5-20's	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
868	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
6-40's	109½	109¾	109¾
10-40's	109½	109¾	109¾

James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States Securities in New York to-day as follows:

	April 12.	April 13.	Adv.	Dec.
Sold				
U. S. 6's, 1881	116½	116½	—	¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	120½	120	—	½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864	115½	115⅝	⅛	—
U. S. 5-20s, 1865	113⅝	113⅝	—	—
U. S. 10-40s	109½	109¾	—	—
U. S. 5-20s, new issue, 1865	113⅝	113⅝	—	—
U. S. 5-20s, new issue, 1867	113⅝	113⅝	—	—
U. S. 5-20s, new issue, 1868	113⅝	113⅝	—	—

—The last fortnightly settling prices on the Stock Exchange in the face of tight money are made plain that the clique fraternity controls the situation, and that those who operate at all in Wall street speculations must, if they want to make money, look to the unwilling tide of excitement, speculation, and higher prices which is, we regret to say, seemingly in store for us. The cliques that control Wall street offices are reaping enormous profits, and fortnight is shown, not only to ignore, but to set at defiance the stringency and high rates for money. The natural growth of the country and the annual increase in the values of its railroads, which are the great high ways on which the whole business world has to travel these Wall street bull cliques in their operations, which are as a virtual dissolution of the profits of the railroad companies for years to come. The only remedy, and that a very effective is, either to buy long or to let the stock market alone.

—The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

April 12.	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	1:35	2	2:45	4
	A	M	A	M	P	M	A	M	P	M	M
N. Y. Central	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102½	102	102	102	102
Erie	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Mich. Central											
Mich. Southern	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Illinois Central											
Reading	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97
Fort Wayne	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
Chicago & N. W.	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
Do preferred	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89
Rock Island	102½	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
Pitts. & Ft. W.											
Chicago & Alton											
Ft. Wayne											
Do preferred											
Ohio & Miss.	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Terre H. & R.											
Do preferred											
C. C. C. & I.											
Cleve. & Pitts.	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
Cleve. & Tol.	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½	97½
Mil. & St. P.	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
Do preferred	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86
Mil. & Prairie											
Milwaukee & St. P.											
Do preferred											
Adams Express	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Merch. Union	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
American M. Ex.	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Wells, Fargo & Co.	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

—The London correspondent of the *Financial Chronicle*, writing just before the recent advance in the Bank of England rate of discount, says: Only one cause, however, seems likely to operate to promoting an outflow of the precious metals, and of gold in particular—namely, the great speculation in foreign (including American) securities. With the facilities of telegraphic communication this is now essentially assisted, and the periodical settlements often have to take place frequently derange the exchanges. During the early part of last week the exchanges were mostly in our favor, the demand for gold for export almost entirely subsided, and it was thought that a few arrivals of bullion and some small parcels would not impossibly be send into the bank. On Friday, however, the position was quite changed. Bills on Paris became in active request, the whole of the supply of gold in the market was absorbed, and exporters were under the necessity of applying at the Bank for gold to meet their engagements. Since then there have been some further withdrawals, but as they must be due to the speculation in progress, they may cease at any moment, only, perhaps, to revive after the lapse of a few days. While money is so cheap in Paris, and while so large a stock of bullion is held by the Bank of France, it would seem to be quite impossible for so low an autumnal amount of bullion. Even in the event of gold passing freely away from us, it is in the power of the Bank to check the amount by advancing their minimum to 4 per cent. for money on this side would then be 1½ per cent. lower than in Paris, and a speedy correction of the exchanges would be the result.

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue, (Apollo Building,) dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented on New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists on the exchanges of the New York brokers. Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks bought for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } TUESDAY EVENING, April 13, 1869.

There was not a great deal of animation in our general market to-day, although in some branches of business there was considerable trade done. Groceries appear more active. Sugar has an upward tendency with considerable of a demand. Flour continues in fair request and more active to-day. Butter seems weaker in price and eggs are declining.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—We quote good to choice at $4 50@5 per bbl., with an occasional sale of very extra at higher and nominal rates.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 35@1 65 ₱ gallon in kegs and bbls.

BEANS—Market dull. Choice small white nominally $2 20@2 30 as to quality.

BUTTER—Market weak and fair receipts. Good to choice table butter sold to-day at 35@38 ₱ lb, and common grades at 30@35.

EGGS—Market rather dull at 29@30 ₱ dozen, with liberal receipts.

HAY—Market firm.—There is considerable activity in the market and holders are firm at the following prices: Shoulders 20@21c; sides 20@22c; clear sides 19c; cured hams 26@28c; breakfast hams 24@26c; sugared hams 26@28c; canvassed hams 28@30c; and in kegs 20@21c ₱ lb. Mess pork $23 25 ₱ bbl.

HOMINY—Market steady. We quote extra No. 1, winter strained, at $5 50@5 75 and No. 2 at $5 25 ₱ bbl.

HONEY—Demand good with but a poor supply. We quote at $7 50@8 00 ₱ bbl.

LARD—We quote at $7 75@8 00 ₱ bbl. and white lime at $1 75 ₱ bbl.

MEAL—We quote Meal at $3 50 ₱ bbl. and Middlings at $3 25 ₱ bbl.

ONIONS—Very few good in market. We quote cultivated in boxes at $ 2@2 25, and in barrels at $3@3 50 for common to good.

POTATOES—Choice yellow onions common mill $5 50@6 00, and fine qualities $6 50@7 00 ₱ bbl. Union sets sell at $6 75@7 00 ₱ bbl.

POTATOES—Choice yellow onions common mill $5 50@6 00, and fine qualities $6 50@7 00 ₱ bbl. Union sets sell at $6 75@7 00 ₱ bbl.

HAY—There is a good demand. Loose pressed on the wharf commands $28 00, and light pressed at $32 00 ₱ ton.

POTATOES—Market well supplied. From store we quote choice Peachblows at $3 25@3 50 per bushel, and Burbanks at $3 25 per barrel.

MILL FEED—The Pearl Mill prices are $ 00@00 for bran, $1 00@1 05 for shorts, $1 10@1 15 for middlings, $1 80, for screenings, $1 60, and for chop $1 35.

SEED—Market dull. We quote choice clover seed at $6 ₱ bush; timothy seed at $3 50 ₱ bush, and flaxseed at $2 40 ₱ bush.

FLOUR—Market moreactive to-day, and holders firmer at previous quotations. We quote in sacks and barrels as follows: Superfine, $6 25@7 00, and in sacks $7 00@7 50; extra, $7 50@8 00, and in sacks $8 00@8 50; family, $8 50@9 00, and in sacks $9 00@9 50; double Pearl Mill family $9 00, and in sacks $8 75; choice white winter wheat flour, in bbls, $9 00, and in sacks $8 50; spring wheat brands $8 00@8 50, and in sacks $7 00. The Pittsburgh city mill prices are: Double white winter wheat flour, in bbls, $9 00, and in sacks $8 50; choice white winter wheat flour, in bbls, $8 50, and in sacks $8 00; family flour, in bbls, $7 75, and in sacks $7 50; choice spring wheat flour, in bbls, $7 50, and in sacks $7 00.

CORN MEAL—Sales of kiln-dried at 90c ₱ bush and common at 85c.

RYE FLOUR—We quote at $7 00@7 25 ₱ bbl from store.

GRAIN—Market quiet, but for most kinds prices are as offering; particularly oats and oats. Oats from first hands sold at 64, and from store at 67@68c. For corn prices are nominal for mixed, and for yellow shelled. Prime yellow shelled and corn in ear command 80@85c. Red winter wheat is dull and nominally $1 60@1 65. Rye is dull at $1 20@1 30 ₱ bushel. Barley is quiet at $1 50@1 60 ₱ bushel for fair to prime.

WHISKY—Demand fair. We quote high wines at 85c. Copper-distilled rectified $1 10; half rye and half corn, $1 75; old Monongahela, two years old, $2 25, and old Monongahela, three years old, $2 50 ₱ gallon.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, } WEDNESDAY, April 14, 1869.

The market yesterday was very quiet, dull and weak. Some sales of "spot" crude took place early in the day at 15c, but late in the evening the market became closed very dull, and closed with a declining tendency. A sale of "spot" refined was made in the early part of the day at 32c, but in the evening it seemed weak at that.

DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The morning telegrams quote Oil City at 15c, 30 days; 15c, 5 days, and crude 12c. Dispatches at 3:30 P. M. quote the same prices and prices lower; crude 12c, and refined 32@32½c.

OIL CITY, April 13.—Market firm and quiet at 16 60 with some sales. Most holders ask $6 10.

LONDON, April 13.—21½d, 9d.

ANTWERP, April 13.—The market continues dull, with little or no change in prices. Buyers appear indifferent about purchasing. The receipts were 1,254 bbls. The asking rates are for sellers option. Refined, 50 francs for 100 kilos, same option, 16c. The only sales reported were as follows:

CRUDE SALES.

500 bbls spot	15 c
500 bbls spot	15 c
1,000 bbls short	15 c
80 bbls spot	14½ c

REFINED SALES.

1,000 bbls spot	32½
1,000 bbls, R O, last half of April	32½

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Fisher Run	50	Standard Works	40
Jas. M. Wilson	50	Wm. Barr & Co	40
R. T. Leslie	50	Penna. R. R	4
Total			324

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Barr & Co., 50 bbls; Wm. Warden, Free & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart & Co. 227 bbls reid to Waring, King & Co. Philadelphia.

M'Vay Bros. & Co. 213 bbls refined to W P Logan & Bro. Philadelphia.

Livingston Bro. 500 cases to National Store, Commissioners.

Oil Shipped East by Western P. R. R.

Union Ref & M Co. 50 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro. Philadelphia.

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

TUESDAY, April 13.

CATTLE—The market ruled active and still, with a fair unusually good demand from butchers, and full prices were realized by drovers, and nearly all the offerings, footing up about 280 head, were taken to supply our daily markets. The quality on sale was up to the usual standard of offerings in this market. Good to choice cattle were in better supply. Prime, however, have undergone no material change from those noted last week. Prime to extra stock readily commands $ 6 25@6 75, and good to choice fat cattle from stockers will sell at $5 50@6 50. There was no change in fresh milk cows, the sales made ranging from $40 to $80 ₱ head according to quality. Among the sales we note the following:

L. & J. Shamberg sold 53 head Chicago stock at $6 @6 75.

Hartman & Zeigler, 34 head Chicago steers at $6 @6 75.

M. Verner, 17 head Chicago steers at $7 25@7 75.

S Rothschilds, 35 good Chicago stock at $7 75@8 00.

Brooks & Krause, 37 head Chicago stock at $6 50@7 00.

Trautman & Lohman, 65 head Chicago steers at $6 25@7 25.

S. Lowenstine, 17 head Chicago stock at $6 @7 00.

L. Keefer, 28 head Chicago steers at $7 00@7 87½.

Greenwald & Kahn, 60 head of Illinois and Ohio stock at $6 00@6 75.

S. Marks & Bro., 66 head Chicago stock at $6 @7 00.

J. Seedy, 32 head, Champaign county, O., at $6 50@7 00; 7 head, Logan county, O., at $6 @7 00.

Hazlewood & Blackstock, 48 head of Illinois and Iowa stock at $6 @7 00.

Hedges & Taylor, 26 head from Illinois and Missouri at $6 @7 00.

John Kerwin, 15 head from Washington county, Pa., at $7 @00 ₱ cwt.

E. Keefer, 20 head from Butler county, Pa., steers and heifers at $5 @6 00 ₱ cwt.

R. Aaltz, 18 head steers at $7 25@8 00, and 11 head heifers at $6 @6 50 ₱ cwt.

N. Cary, 17 head cows from Licking county, Ohio, at $6 @00 ₱ cwt.

J. Andrix, 19 head Ohio stock, at $6 @7 00.

Holmes, Lafferty & Glass, 42 head mixed stock, at $6 @7 00.

Smith & Bine, 20 head mixed stock, at $7 50@7 75.

HOGS—The receipts were fair, and under good retail demand the offerings were nearly all taken, and the market ruled steady at $ 6@6 25 ₱ hundred for fair to good, with a few extreme.

SHEEP—The number offered was extremely small, not aggregating over 100 head, while there was a fair inquiry, and the supply was entirely taken up at prices ranging from $5@6. Large and full prices were realized. The few on sale were prime to fancy. There is no doubt the quality was only fair, and had there been a choice fat mutton sheep they would have brought, readily, $6 50.

LIVE STOCK AT CHICAGO.

Cattle—The receipts of cattle during the past week were 7,400 head, against 8,850 head the previous week. The shipments were 6,200 head, against 8,529 head the previous week. Receipts the past week were 1,318 head less than the previous week, and the shipments less than the previous week 2,329 head. For the corresponding week of 1868 the receipts were 5,764 head.

At the opening of the past week the prospects were decidedly adverse to the interests of drovers, the large receipts together with the gloomy reports from the markets below, destroying the confidence of shippers to that extent that none could be found who were willing to operate at any price, concessions of 25@50c, though freely offered during Monday, failing to attract their attention. Later, however, things brightened up a little. The great bulk of the stock received was of fair to good quality, warded in first hands, or on owner's account, and with the arrivals on Tuesday, Wednesday and under the stimulus afforded by the reported advance of gold in New York, a better feeling was developed. The quality of the offerings was unusually fine, and the demand springing up, holders no longer manifested a disposition to concede, but insisted upon, and without much difficulty, realized, the advance noted. Buyers for New York, Boston and Albany buyers purchased the finest droves, paying therefor $7@7 75 for good to choice shipping lots, fat, weighing from 1,250 to 1,400 lbs average, with a few of from 1,200 to 1,400 lbs average, with a few of from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs, and 1,500 to 1,600 lbs steers, averaging from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs. There was a fair inquiry for stock points as Buffalo, Pittsburgh and Cleveland, for extra grades of steers, averaging from 1,250 to 1,350 lbs. There was a fair inquiry for stock points as Buffalo, Pittsburgh and Cleveland, for extra grades of steers, averaging from 1,250 to 1,350 lbs. Cows ranging at $3 25@5 75 for medium to good lots, and $6@6 25 for choice to extra. Veals in small lots were also taken for the Lake Superior country at and within the same ranges. There is no material improvement to note in the demand for local consumption. City butchers report a continued full retail trade, and as compared with last week the stock has found its way into their hands during the week at full prices. Feeders from Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania have been in regular attendance, but there was nothing approaching to activity in the market. Good classes of buyers, and finding prices rather above their views, they generally went to the "orphigens" have met with a steady fair inquiry, and have been shaken at $4@5 ₱ head, according to quality.

The prospects for the ensuing week are not flattering. While, with light or moderate receipts, present prices may be sustained, a large supply—say 8,000 head—would probably harrow up the feelings of holders a good deal. The market closes quiet at the annexed quotations:

CLOSING PRICES.

Extra graded steers	$ 7 @00
Choice to extra, fat, well fatted 4 to 6 year old steers, and averaging 1,500 lbs and upwards	7 00@7 50
Prime to choice, well fatted, finely-formed steers, and averaging 1,300 to 1,500 lbs	6 50@6 75
Fair Grades—Fair steers, in fair flesh, averaging 1,100 to 1,200 lbs, at	5 @6 00
Medium to fair—Steers and good cows, for city slaughter, and averaging 900 to 1,050 lbs, at	4 25@5 00
Stock—Fair to medium cattle, in decent flesh, averaging 800 to 1,000 lbs, at	3 00@3 75
Inferior—Light and thin cows and steers	2 @3 00
Hogs—The receipts the past week were 16,000 head, against 16,732 head the previous week. The shipments the past week 13,300 head, against 13,124 head the previous week. The receipts for the corresponding week of 1868 were 19,500 head.	

Under a steady, strong shipping demand the market for hogs opened the week ruled active and buoyant throughout at steadily advancing prices. Eastern advices have been invariably of a favorable character, and there was a healthy competition between buyers for the limited supply at points, each day's arrivals, though liberal for the season, being readily absorbed, and the wants of buyers not fully satisfied. At the close of the week the offerings were very little difference between this week and last, the major portion of the averages following below 200 lbs, and very few exceeding 250 lbs. The pens are cleared of stock, and the market closes firm at $6 25@6 50 for common, light, and uneven and mixed lots; $6 75@7 25 for medium to fair grades, and $7@7 50 for good to choice packing and handy lots, fat, even lots of from 200 to 250 lbs average.

Sheep—Receipts the past week 7,300 head against 6,400 head the week before. There ruled an active demand for sheep, during the past week, and under a moderate supply, and in sympathy with the advance in hogs, prices have taken an upward turn to the extent of $@50c ₱ head. We now quote common to fair at $4@5 50, and good to choice at $5 75@6 25. Lambs have sold as high as $7 @00 ₱ head, but there is no rendered extreme prices.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, April 13.—Flour is quiet and unchanged; sales of 200 bbls at $7 @7 25 for family; $7 50@8 for extra, and $8 50@9 for fancy. Wheat is dull and declining; sales of 2,000 bushels at $1 30@1 35 for white and $1 25@1 30 for red. Corn is dull and declining; sales of 2,000 bushels at 80@82c for white and yellow. Oats are dull at 60@65c. Rye is dull at $1 10@1 15. Barley is dull and nominally $1 60@1 90. Rye is dull at $1 10@1 15. Barley is quiet and nominally $1 60@1 90. Corn meal is dull at 90c ₱ bushel. Bacon is quiet and unchanged; clear sides at 19½c; clear rib sides at 19c; shoulders at 15c; hams at 24@25c. Lard is quiet and unchanged; tierces at 16½c; kegs at 17½c. Whisky is dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at 90c. Butter is dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at 30@35c. Eggs are dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at 25c. Hay is dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at $27 @28 ₱ ton. Seeds are dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at $2 @2 25 for timothy. Potatoes are dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at $3 @3 50 ₱ bbl. Onions are dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at $3 @3 50 ₱ bbl. Apples are dull and declining; sales of 100 bbls at $3 @3 50 ₱ bbl.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Cotton firm; sales 4,000 bales at 29c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 12,000 bbls; sales 10,000 bbls; State and Western 5@10c ₱ bbl lower for superfine state and western; 5@10c ₱ bbl higher for extra state and western; 10@15c ₱ bbl higher for round hoop ohio and extra western; 5@10c ₱ bbl higher for extra genesee; very heavy. Rye flour dull at $6 50@7 00. Corn meal dull at $3 90@4 00. Wheat—receipts 26,000 bush; sales 20,000 bush at $1 30@1 31 for No 1 chicago spring; $1 35@1 36 for No 2 do; $1 40@1 41 for amber winter; $1 45@1 46 for white winter; $1 50@1 51 for amber milwaukee; $1 55@1 56 for white do; $1 60@1 61 for white kentucky. Rye firm at $1 20@1 21. Barley dull and declining; sales 20,000 bush at $1 60@1 70 for canada west; $1 70@1 75 for state; $1 75@1 80 for two rowed state. Barley malt dull and declining; sales 15,000 bush at $1 60@1 70 for canada west; $1 70@1 75 for state; $1 75@1 80 for two rowed state. Oats dull and declining; sales 10,000 bush at 75@76c for western; 77@78c for state. Coffee steady; sales 1,000 bags rio at 19½@20c in gold. Sugar firm; sales 1,000 hhds at 9½@10c for fair to good refining; 10½@10¾c for prime to choice do; 11@11½c for yellow; 12@12½c for white; 12½@12¾c for extra c; 13@13½c for extra do; 13½@13¾c for white crushed and powdered. Molasses firm; sales 400 bbls at 72@73c for new orleans. Rice firm; sales 200 bags at 10@10½c for carolina; 9@9½c for patna; 8@8½c for rangoon. Petroleum firmer; crude 24c; refined 33@33½c; benzine 30@31c. Tallow firmer at 10@10½c. Pork firmer; sales 1,000 bbls at $23 @23 12½ for new mess; $20 75@21 for prime mess; $19 50@20 for prime; $23 @23 50 for clear; $23 50@24 for prime mess; $23 @23 50 for clear; $23 50@24 for prime mess; $23 @23 50 for clear; $23 50@24 for prime mess

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

THE CASE OF REV. JAMES PRESTLEY, D. D.

FINAL ACTION OF THE PRESBYTERY

He is Excommunicated and Deposed.

HIS APPEAL TO THE SYNOD.

Interesting and Solemn Proceedings.

An adjourned meeting of the Presbytery of Monongahela, of the United Presbyterian Church, was held yesterday, in the Second Church, Sixth street, for the purpose of taking final action in the case of Rev. James Prestley, D.D., former pastor of the congregation—with the circumstances of whose suspension from the ministry the public is familiar.

The attendance was not very large, not more than forty persons being present.

Rev. David Barclay presided as Moderator.

The minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

The report of the Committee to whom was referred the case of Dr. Prestley submitted a report, as follows:

To the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, to meet in Monmouth, Ill., May 26, 1869:

The Presbytery of Monongahela would make a statement of the following case, and ask the advice of the Assembly:

In the fall of 1868 a libel against Rev. James Prestley, D. D., was preferred before us. In this libel were three general charges, viz:

I. Unkind, violent and cruel treatment of his family.

II. The use of vulgar and profane language.

III. Habitual unfaithfulness to the marriage vow.

After a protracted trial, he was found guilty of the things charged in the libel, and was suspended from the ministry and from membership in the church. However, to guard against misapprehension, it was declared that "Presbytery does not find Dr. Prestley guilty of adultery, or charge him with that sin."

Soon after his trial and suspension, his wife sued for and obtained an absolute divorce, Dr. Prestley not residing in Pennsylvania. Hearing this step, and it was through his efforts that Mrs. Prestley was persuaded to withdraw her petition for a divorce from bonds of matrimony. Not to apply for an absolute divorce.

In the month of November last Dr. Prestley again entered into the marriage relation, though his divorced wife is still living.

Now, in the fear of God, Presbytery enjoins Presbyteries to seek the advice of a higher court before it proceeds to any graver censure than suspension from the sacred office. In this case, should a heavier censure be placed on Dr. Prestley? What ought we to do for the glory of the Master and the purity of the Church?

EXTRA-JUDICIAL CONFERENCE.

Rev. J. C. Boyd suggested that the papers be laid upon the table for the present, and that Presbytery go into Extra-judicial Conference on the subject, that a free expression of views might be had.

A motion was adopted to go into Conference, and the Moderator designated Rev. J. C. Boyd as President, who, on taking the Chair, announced that the session was ready to hear any remarks.

Rev. R. H. Boyd stated that he would prefer having the matter decided in Presbytery. He did not feel under obligation to carry the Presbytery to go to the higher Court for advice in a case in which their own judgment was clear. If they did not act now, he would be in favor of going before the synod simply on the matters acted on in Presbytery. The questions of subsequent divorce and marriage, and the status of Dr. Prestley, growing out of his late marriage, should not be taken up to synod, as they formed no part of the original case.

Rev. Dr. Grier thought the Presbytery should dispose of the case on hand on the testimony. If the action was not satisfactory, an appeal could be taken. The judgment of the lower court was that Presbytery should now do just what it conceived to be right.

Rev. W. H. Andrew said there were five or six members of the Presbytery who could not vote intelligently in the case, not having heard the testimony. If the case was referred to the General Assembly, something more than a mere memorial should go up. To enable the Court to arrive at a proper judgment, all the evidence and all the papers should go before it. There was no dispute in regard to the divorce and subsequent marriage, and the questions growing out of these events could be decided on their merits.

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Rev. Mr. Andrew then read a paper, similar to that recorded by the Presbyterial Committee, given above, but entering more fully into the details. It was not acted upon.

Dr. Gracey stated that he would gladly sit silent, did not his continued silence appear as wrong—especially when the accused asserted his innocence of the charges of which he was convicted, and declared that the libel which never was produced in a Court. Yet he is here to-day, with the same hardihood, to deny his guilt.

The Moderator ruled the remarks as not properly before the question.

Dr. Gracey—My object is to reach his conscience.

Dr. Prestley—It is thirty months since the trial, and you have never once spoken to me in reference to the good of my soul.

Dr. Grier—What would have been the use?

Dr. Prestley—Then why attempt it now?

The Moderator interposed, and called the gentlemen to order.

Dr. Gracey—Well, I will just remark that the brother complains of this as being a hard one. It is but an illustration of the truth of the declaration, "The way of the transgressor is hard." The way to escape is open. Let him confess his sin, turn from the evil of his way, and we will receive him with open arms.

Dr. Prestley protested against his kind of instruction, which all appear in the morning papers, and was not proper before the Presbytery.

Moderator—I hope Dr. Prestley will not undertake to decide what is or is not in order.

Dr. P.—Is it not? I ought to defend myself?

Dr. Gracey then made some remarks in regard to proceeding to pass the sentence, as the way was clear. If ever a church could render heaven had a clear road this one had. Then why take it up to delay matters?

ACTION OF THE CONFERENCE.

Dr. Brown then offered a resolution, instructing the EXTRA Judicial Conference to report to Presbytery a recommendation to proceed to the passing of the higher sentence of the Court upon Dr. Prestley; with the explanation that, inasmuch as there were some doubts as to the power of seeking advice from the Assembly, the matter should be referred to that body.

The resolution was adopted, and the Conference then rose and reported its action.

The Moderator stated that the question was now before the Presbytery.

It was agreed to separate the two clauses, and the first clause was taken up, discussed and adopted, after which a recess was taken until two o'clock in the afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Presbytery met and was called to order by the Moderator.

The second clause of the resolution was then taken up for discussion.

Dr. Gracey said that the Conference rose, and that the President report to Presbytery that in view of all the circumstances the Presbytery is ready to proceed to the higher censure, with the explanation in regard to the question of consultation with the General Assembly. Dr. Brown spoke feelingly as to Dr. Prestley's position, but could Presbytery go back upon their solemn action, when, convicted of crimes, he refused to express his penitence. After a year's delay, he had even remained unexplained that strange "secret correspondence" which was the most serious aspect of the whole case. He says he cannot confess.

Rev. Mr. Staley—Can I confess what I do not believe?

Mrs. Brown—Can we do what we do not believe?

Dr. Prestley—Because I cannot confess, must I remain outside of the Church and all my days?

Dr. Brown—Does any man in Presbytery doubt Dr. Prestley's guilt? The secret correspondence, for instance. The guilt was clearly proven.

Dr. Prestley—Those letters were never brought before the Presbytery. I never wrote I had explained. If I could confess all that Presbytery asked, I would do so but I cannot do so and remain in the Church. Am I to do?

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